

Fact Sheet on Mayoral Succession and Potential Special Election

Updated January 30 2025

Summary

If New York City's mayor resigns or is removed *before* March 26, 2025, the public advocate becomes mayor until a new mayor is elected in a special election held within about 80 days. That special election uses ranked choice voting, and any American citizen and New York City resident who submits at least 3,750 qualified petition signatures to the New York City Board of Elections is eligible to run.

If the mayor leaves office **on or after** March 26, 2025, the public advocate becomes mayor until a new mayor is voted on at the November 4, 2025 election, after also having run in the primary election.

<u>Chapter 1, Section 10</u> of the New York City Charter provides the rules of succession when there is a vacancy in the office of the mayor. If the mayor's office is vacated, the public advocate is first in the line of succession, followed by the NYC comptroller in the event the office of public advocate is also vacant. The interim mayor serves until a new mayor has been elected and certified.

When is the special election?

The rules of succession for the mayor also include the timing under which special elections can occur. Within three days of a mayoral vacancy, the public advocate or other successor must proclaim the date of a special election.

Because the deadline has passed to fill the vacancy during this year's November 5th General Election, a special election would likely be held. Below are the two scenarios for filling a mayoral vacancy that occurs either this year or in 2025:

• If a vacancy happens **before** March 26, 2025 (90 days before June 24, 2025 primary) a special election must be called and **held on the first Tuesday at least 80 days after the vacancy occurs**. The acting mayor has some discretion, however, to move this date to facilitate maximum turnout. They could call the election for a minimum of 60 days after the proclamation, or an additional 10 days after the first Tuesday at least 80 days after the vacancy occurs. This special election would be a nonpartisan primary that uses ranked choice voting.

• If a vacancy occurs **on or after March 26, 2025**, the vacancy **must be filled during the 2025 general election**, and the new mayor would take office immediately upon certification. Because 2025 is the last year of the four-year term, the winning candidate would not need to run in another election; they instead would be taking office a little early before the next full term begins. Note, candidates would follow the regular process of being selected by a partisan primary election using ranked choice voting, followed by a general election.

Would there be a primary?

No, if the vacancy occurs before March 26, 2025, voters use ranked choice voting in a nonpartisan special election to select a new mayor.

Yes, if the vacancy occurs after March 26, 2025, there is a partisan primary using ranked choice voting that selects the major party candidates for the general election.

How do candidates qualify for the special election?

Candidates must submit a minimum of 3,750 qualified petition signatures to the New York City Board of Elections, as required by <u>Chapter 46, §1057-b</u> of the New York City Charter. Special elections are nonpartisan by virtue of candidates filing petitions as independent candidates, essentially creating their own party names rather than using the current major party names.

Infographic

NYC Mayoral Special Elections Timeline Nov '24 Oct '24 **Dec '24** Jan '25 Feb '25 Special Election about 80 days after a vacancy (that occurs before 3/26/25) Mar '25 **Apr '25 May '25** Jun '25 **Jul '25** Special Election about 80 days after a vacancy (that occurs before 3/26/2025) 6/24 Primary Vacancy on or after 3/26/25 filled on 11/4 General Election, taking office upon certification Aua '25 Sep '25 Oct '25 Nov '25 **Dec '25** 11/4 General Vacancy on or after 3/26/25 filled on 11/4 General Election, taking office upon certification